	Autumn Term		Spring Term	Summer Term
	1	2	3&4	5&6
	First 2 weeks – class name Worsborough Mill	Island home	Significant people from the past Florence Nightingale/ Mary Seacole/Queen Victoria/ Rosa Parks/Neil Armstrong/Martin Luther King	Around the world in 80 days Locational Helping the planet
History	- To make a local history study of the local environment and how the mill contributed to daily life (food, jobs) -research local people's jobs in relation to the mill and what daily life was like for them changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life — how has flour/bread production changed over time?	-research the history of school – why did we get the name Keresforth primary School?	<ul> <li>To find out about famous people in the past.</li> <li>To find out why they were famous.</li> <li>To understand why do we remember these people and what impact have they had on our lives.</li> <li>English – Non-chronological reports about the famous people, Narrative – retelling their events, letter – in role of the person, instructions – how to make a lamp, rocket, crowns, recount – diary entry.</li> <li>Maths – capacity – measuring medicines, data</li> </ul>	

	-research how the local area has changed over time since the opening of the mill.		handling – classes' favourite famous person.	
Geography	- Locate working mills within the United Kingdom and locate these on a map.	<ul> <li>Name and locate local area/school on a map and what can be found in the local area</li> <li>name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas</li> <li>Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Name and locate continents of the world</li> <li>Name and locate oceans of the world</li> <li>Location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the north and south pole</li> <li>Locate hot and cold places using mas and atlases. Use world maps, atlases and globes</li> <li>Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language</li> <li>Study the human and physical geography of an island</li> <li>Start to understand the impact that global warming is having on the hot and cold places of the earth.</li> </ul> English – poetry – countries and human/physical features, instructions – making sculptures of human features, how to get to places on an island. Maths – capacity – measuring medicines, data handling – classes' favourite feature, position and direction – map work with turns.

		human and physical features.  • identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles		
Science	Plants  Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow Find out and describe how plants need water, light and suitable temperatures to grow and stay healthy.	Uses of everyday materials  Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and	Animals, including humans     balanced diet      Notice that animals including humans have offspring which grow into adults     Find out and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air).     Describe the importance for humans	<ul> <li>Living things and their habitats</li> <li>Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive</li> <li>Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other</li> <li>Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats</li> <li>Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food</li> </ul>

#### Year 2

English – poem about plants.
Fact file on plants around the world.
Diary entry of observations of how seeds and bulbs grow over a number of days/weeks.
Non-chronological report about how plants stay healthy.

Maths – Bar chart based on which conditions different plants grow in. Tally chart – how many different plants we have around school Shape – what shape are the seeds/bulbs? cardboard for particular uses.

 Find out the shape of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

English – design something which needs materials that can squash/bend/twist or stretch. Detailed description of something which is made out of an everyday material.

Maths –
Table/classification
grid – sort materials
into categories.
Shape – what shape
are solid objects? How
does the shape change
when it is
squashed/bent/twisted
or stretched?

of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene.

English – non-chronological report about how to stay healthy as a human being. Story from the point of view of a baby animal/human Poem about the needs of animals.

Maths – Table – sort healthy and unhealthy foods Pictogram of children's favourite fruit/vegetables English – design an animal and its habitat based on its features. Non-chronological report about a plant/animal and its habitat Poem about what makes a habitat.

Diary of an animal in its habitat.

Maths – Bar chart based on which conditions different animals live in.

Tally chart – how many different animals live in a particular habitat.

Sort things into categories – dead/living/never been alive

Art	N/A – DT Focus	Formal Elements of	Art and design skills	N/A – DT Focus	Human form	N/A – DT Focus
Art	N/A – DT Focus	<ul> <li>Art:         <ul> <li>To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using line, shape, form and space.</li> <li>About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.</li> <li>To use a range of materials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using line, shape, form and space.</li> <li>About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.</li> <li>Maths – 2D / 3D shapes.</li> <li>Problem solving.</li> </ul>	N/A – DT Focus	<ul> <li>To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.</li> <li>To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop their ideas, experiences and imagination.</li> <li>Be taught about the work of a range of</li> </ul>	N/A – DT Focus
		materials creatively to design and make products	Problem solving.  English – Self and peer evaluations, Fact file on artists.		range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the	

To develop a wide	differences
range of art and	and
design techniques	similarities
in using colour,	between
pattern, texture,	different
line, shape, form	practices and
and space	disciplines,
<b>Maths</b> – 2D / 3D	and making
shapes.	links to their
English – Self and peer	own work
evaluations, Fact file	
on artists.	Sculpture and
	mixed media:
	To use a range
	of materials
	creatively to
	design and
	make
	products.
	To develop a
	wide range of
	art and design
	techniques in
	using colour,
	pattern,
	texture, line,
	shape, form
	and space.
	To use
	drawing,
	painting and
	sculpture to
	develop and
	develop and

					share their ideas, experiences and imagination.  Be taught about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.  Maths –  Measurements. English – Self and peer evaluations, Fact file on artists.	
DT	DT – Structures  Baby bear's chair  Designing for others, using	N/A – Art Focus	N/A – Art Focus	DT – Cooking and Nutrition Balanced Diets	N/A – Art Focus	DT – Mechanisms Moving animal  Creating and using design

		1
criteria and	Designing	criteria and
applying their	packaging for	generating
knowledge of	their smoothie.	ideas.
structures.	Preparing food	<ul> <li>Planning for</li> </ul>
Cutting and	safely and	design and
assembling	hygienically.	manufacture.
accurately.	Chopping safely	<ul> <li>Cutting and</li> </ul>
Examples of	using the bridge	assembling
natural and	gap.	accurately.
manmade	Conducting	<ul> <li>Selecting</li> </ul>
structures.	product	appropriate
Testing and	research.	equipment
evaluating.	Evaluating a	and materials.
Understanding	design.	<ul> <li>Carrying out</li> </ul>
the definition	Understanding	primary
and	how fruit and	research and
importance of	vegetables	applying to
strength,	grow.	design.
stability and	Knowing the	<ul> <li>Learning</li> </ul>
stiffness.	food groups.	mechanical
Knowing that	Understanding	components.
different	what makes a	<ul> <li>Identifying</li> </ul>
shapes can	balanced diet.	input and
strengthen or		output.
weaken	Maths – Following	·
structures and	instructions, solving	Maths – Problem
that materials	problems,	solving, shapes,
can be	measurements.	measurements.
manipulated to		
improve	English – Writing a	English – Writing a
strength and	recipe.	report comparing
stiffness.	· ·	different objects
		already made.

Music	Maths – Shapes, measurements, problem solving, sorting materials.  English – Writing a set of instructions.  Year 2: Call and	Year 2: Orchestral	Year 2: Musical me	Year 2: Dynamics,	Year 2:	Year 2: Musical
	response songs (West African – Animals) Use tempo, dynamics and timbre in their piece. Play in time with their group. Use instruments appropriately. Successfully sing back the melody line in time and at the correct pitch. Play either a call and/or response role in time with another pupil. Perform their composition.  Maths – Playing in time to a beat (counting)	instruments (Traditional Western stories) Make plausible descriptions of the music. Identify a few instruments and the sounds of different sections of the orchestra. Explain what is happening in the music using language relating to emotion. Create a piece of music with some appropriate tempo, dynamic and timbre changes. Suggest appropriate musical timbres for each of the characters and tempo changes for the actions. Perform confidently using appropriate instrumental sounds.	Clap the rhythm of their name. Sing the melody accurately while playing their instrument in time. Show a range of emotions using their voices. Describe the dynamics and timbre of their pieces. Play a known melody from letter notation in the right order, if not with the right rhythms. Play a new melody from letter notation in the right order, if not in time. Invent a melody, write it down and play it back. Select instruments with different timbres. Compose and perform a piece using different dynamic levels.	timbre, tempo and motifs (Space)  Use their voice to create a variety of sounds. Use dynamics to create atmosphere. Correctly identify some instruments and changes in dynamics in a piece. Explain how the same instrument can have many different sounds. Compare two pieces of music using some musical vocabulary to describe the changes in tempo, dynamics and timbre. Successfully create and play a motif.	Landscapes and soundscapes (On this Island)  Sing, play and follow instructions to perform as a group. Describe music using simple musical vocabulary. Explore multiple ways of making the same sound. Represent the same sound in different ways. Describe how they have adapted a sound using musical vocabulary. Contribute musically to a final performance. Create a piece that	vocabulary and impact (Myths and legends)  Create rhythms and arrange them in a particular order or structure. Identify the structure of a piece of music and write it down.  Describe whether a musical texture is thick or thin.  Explore ways of writing down different textural layers.  Follow a given structure for a composition.
	Counting letter notation.		Maths – Creating a motif in sets of 5 notes.	pay a moun.	clearly represents a	Write a structure score accurately.

	Sorting dynamics and timbre.  English - Writing a non-chronological report about an instrument.	Maths – Counting, problem solving.  English – Create a setting description to accompany the sound scape.	Problem solving.  English - Creating a poster to advertise their own songs.	Notate and write down their motif in some form.  Maths – Identifying patterns in music. Layering sounds and voices.  English – Writing a short song to memorise.	particular environment.  Maths — Performing to a beat. Creating music within a bar.  English — Creating a character description to represent the music.	Compose music with several layers.  Perform their composition accurately, following the structure score.  Maths – Counting musical notations.  Problem solving.  Creating a sequence of sounds.  English – Evaluating music.
PE	Fundamental Movement Skills  1.Move with fluency and control in directions and in different ways while turning. 2.Move with fluency and control in directions and at different speeds. 3.Move with fluency and control in zig-zag patterns	Fundamental Movement Skills  1.Jump with a quarter turn landing safely. To jump and land on one foot. To work sensibly with others. 2. Jump with a half turn landing safely. To take turns and share equipment. 3. Jump forwards and backward in a fluent sequence.	Gymnastics  1.Perform and hold balances with good control and body tension. Perform a single skill or movement with some control.  2. Perform and hold the balances with control using the small apparatus. Perform a small range of skills and link two movements together.	Fundamental Movement Skills and Ball Skills  1. Throw a bouncing ball, chase it and collect it in a balanced position. Understand why exercise is important for good health. 2. Roll and bounce a ball, chase it and let it go through my legs before collecting it in a balanced position.	Fundamental Movement Skills  1. Maintain control of a ball whilst rolling it around different parts of the body. Explore different movements with a ball.  2. Maintain control of a ball with both the left and right hand, whilst rolling it	Athletics Skills  1. Walk and run with good posture and balance.  2. Use our arms to help us jump far.  3. Find the best way to throw a Foam Javelin.  4. Run and jump over obstacles.  5. Jump in different ways and land safely.

and at different	To praise others.	3. Perform and hold the	Understand how our	around different	6. Throw a large
speeds.	4. Balance in a seated	balances with control using	bodies feel before,	parts of the body.	ball using the
4.Maintain balance	position and pick up	the large apparatus.	during and after	Explore and	overhead throw.
on both legs while	equipment.	Perform a range of skills	exercise.	describe different	
squatting.	5. Balance in a seated	with some control and	3. Roll and bounce a	movements with a	<u>Fundamental</u>
5. Move balance on	position and pass	consistency.	tennis ball, chase it	ball.	Movement Skills
both legs with your	equipment to others.	4. Travel with light, quiet	and let it go through	3. Maintain	1. Understand and
eyes closed.	6. Balance in a seated	feet.	my legs before	control of a ball in	follow simple
6. Maintain balance	position and pass	5. Travel with accurate,	collecting it in a	a timed situation.	rules.
on both legs while	equipment from	fluid movements on small	balanced position.	Select and link	Walking forwards
on an uneven	further away.	apparatus.	Use equipment	movements	and backwards
surface.		6. Travel with accurate,	appropriately and	together to fit a	while balancing on
	<u>Dance</u>	fluid movements on large	move and land	theme.	a line.
Netball and	1.Follow a partners	apparatus.	safely.	4. Maintain seated	2. Name
Football Skills	lead in the 'Friends'		4. Maintain balance	balance with a	something you are
1.Throw and catch	dance.	Fundamental Movement	in a variety of back	partner while	good at.
with control.	2.Create a clear	<u>Skills</u>	support positions.	completing various	Maintain balance
2.Perform a	pattern of movement	1.Throw and catch a tennis	5. Maintain balance	challenges.	on a line walking
shoulder pass.	for a partner to follow.	ball in different ways.	in a variety of front	Explore and	with knees up.
3. Mark a player	3.Copy a bubbles	Perform a single or	support positions.	describe different	3. Recognise
with the ball.	stimulus with our	movement with control.	6. Maintain balance	movements.	similarities and
4. Mark the space	bodies.	2. Throw, strike and catch a	in a variety of back	5. Maintain	differences in
between attackers.	4.Create a short dance	tennis ball in different	support positions.	standing balance	performance.
5. Improve our	using bubble	ways.		with a partner	Maintain balance
variety of sending	movements.	Perform a range of skills	<u>Fundamental</u>	while completing	on a line while
skills.	5. Join up a variety of	with control.	Movement Skills	various challenges.	marching in
6. Kicking and	moves fluently for our	3. Strike and kick a ball in	1.Maintain balance	Compare my	different ways.
receive the ball	bubbles dance.	different ways.	on a line while	movements and	4. Name
with control.	6. Show a variety of	Select and apply a range of	walking in different	skills with those of	something you are
7.Perform different	dance moves that are	skills with control and	ways.	others.	good at.
types of pass.	big/small, high/low,	consistency.	Understand and	6. Maintain	Maintain balance
	etc.	4. React and catch a large	follow simple rules.	standing balance	throughout, while
		ball after one bounce.		with a partner	

#### Year 2

8. Mark a player with and without the ball.

Maths - Responding to instructions involving space. Recognising direction of movement. Counting the number of actions. Remembering sequences of numbers. Understanding simple fractions.

**English** – Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons. Explaining their actions, responses and feelings towards performance. Interacting with others, negotiating plans and activities and taking turns in conversations.

7. Use some the movements we have learnt to create a 'Shadows' dance with partner.

8. Add more complex moves to our 'Shadows' dance, such as jumps, tucks, travel variety, etc.

Maths - Responding to

instructions involving space. Recognising direction of movement. Counting the number of actions. Remembering sequences of numbers. Understanding simple fractions.

**English** – Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons. **Explaining their** actions, responses and feelings towards performance. Interacting with others, negotiating

5. React and catch a tennis ball after one bounce. 6. React and catch a tennis

ball after one bounce on one leg.

Maths - Responding to instructions involving space. Recognising direction of movement. Counting the number of actions. Remembering sequences of numbers. Understanding simple

fractions.

**English** – Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons. Explaining their actions, responses and feelings towards performance. Interacting with others, negotiating plans and activities and taking turns in conversations.

2. Maintain balance on a line while marching in different challenges. ways. Explain when movements someone is working or performing well.

3. Maintain balance on a line while moving fluently in different directions. Recognise similarities and differences in performance. 4. Maintain balance while standing on a

low beam. 5. Maintain balance on a low bean while performing different actions. 6. Maintain balance on a low beam while catching a ball at various heights.

Maths - Reciting the number of steps and other actions. Responding to instructions involving space.

while completing more complex Select and link together to fit a theme.

Maths - Reciting the number of steps and other actions. Responding to instructions involving space. Recognising direction of movement. Remembering sequences of numbers. **Understanding** simple fractions. Comparing the number of actions.

English -Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons.

standing on a line for 10 seconds.

Maths - Shape and divisions within a playing area. Measuring out distances. Sending, receiving or collecting objects in a numerical order. Understanding fractions of space. Scoring games. Estimating length. Get into group of varying amounts.

English -Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons. **Explaining their** actions, responses and feelings towards performance. Interacting with others, negotiating plans and activities

plans and activities and taking turns in conversations.	Recognising direction of movement. Remembering sequences of	Explaining their actions, responses and feelings towards performance.	and taking turns in conversations.
	numbers. Understanding simple fractions. Comparing the number of actions.	Interacting with others, negotiating plans and activities and taking turns in conversations.	
	English – Describing what they and others are doing. Making comparisons.		
	Explaining their actions, responses and feelings towards performance. Interacting with		
	others, negotiating plans and activities and taking turns in conversations.		

RE	<ul><li>Christianity</li><li>1. Why are some words special?</li><li>2. Why are some places special?</li><li>3. How can faith contribute to community cohesion?</li><li>4. Why are some times special?</li></ul>	Judaism 1. Why are some words special? 2. Why are some places special? 3. How can faith contribute to community cohesion? 4. Why are some times special?	Sikhism  1. Why are some words special? 2. Why are some places special? 3. How can faith contribute to community cohesion? 4. Why are some times special?
	<ul><li>5. What can be learnt from the lives of significant people?</li><li>6. How do I and others think and feel about the universe?</li></ul>	<ul><li>5. What can be learnt from the lives of significant people?</li><li>6. How do I and others think and feel about the universe?</li></ul>	<ul><li>5. What can be learnt from the lives of significant people?</li><li>6. How do I and others think and feel about the universe?</li></ul>
	Skills for year 2 -retell religious, spiritual and moral stories -identify how religion and belief is expressed in different ways -identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs	Skills for year 2 -retell religious, spiritual and moral stories -identify how religion and belief is expressed in different ways -identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs	Skills for year 2 -retell religious, spiritual and moral stories -identify how religion and belief is expressed in different ways -identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs
	-recognise that some questions about life are difficult to answer -ask questions about their own and others' feelings and experiences -identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression.	-recognise that some questions about life are difficult to answer -ask questions about their own and others' feelings and experiences -identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression.	-recognise that some questions about life are difficult to answer -ask questions about their own and others' feelings and experiences -identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression.
	<ul> <li>retell religious stories and identify some religious beliefs and teachings.</li> <li>-identify some religious practices, and know that some are characteristic of more than one religion.</li> </ul>	-retell religious stories and identify some religious beliefs and teachings.  -identify some religious practices, and know that some are characteristic of more than one religion.	-retell religious stories and identify some religious beliefs and teachings.

	-suggest meanings in religious symbols, language and stories.  -respond sensitively to the experiences and feelings of others, including those with a faith.  -realise that some questions that cause people to wonder are difficult to answer.  -respond sensitively to the values and concerns of others, including those with a faith, in relation to matters of right and wrong.		-suggest meanings in religious symbols, language and stories.  -respond sensitively to the experiences and feelings of others, including those with a faith.  -realise that some questions that cause people to wonder are difficult to answer.  -respond sensitively to the values and concerns of others, including those with a faith, in relation to matters of right and wrong.		-identify some religious practices, and know that some are characteristic of more than one religion.  -suggest meanings in religious symbols, language and stories.  -respond sensitively to the experiences and feelings of others, including those with a faith.  -realise that some questions that cause people to wonder are difficult to answer.  -respond sensitively to the values and concerns of others, including those with a faith, in relation to matters of right and wrong.	
PSHE	Relationships - VIPs	Health and Wellbeing -	Living in the Wider World -	Relationships –	Living in the	Relationships -
	1. Who are your VIPs?	Safety First 1. Keeping Safe	One World 1. Families	Digital Wellbeing  1. The internet	Wider World – Money Matters	Growing Up 1. Our Bodies
	2. Families	2. Staying Safe at	2. Homes	and me	1. Money	2. Is it OK?
	3. Friends	Home	3. Schools	2. Online and	2. Keep it Safe	3. Pink and Blue
	4. Falling Out	3. Staying Safe Outside	4. Environments	Offline	3. Save or Spend	4. Look at me Now
	5. Working	4. Staying Safe Online	5. Resources	3. Staying Safe	4. Want or Need	5. Getting Older
	Together	5. The Underwear Rule	6. Planet Protectors	Online	5. Keep it Safe!	6. Changes
	6. Showing you	6. People Who Can	Maths – compare families,	4. Personal	6. Going	Maths – timeline
	Care	Help	homes and schools with	Information	Shopping	of how we have
	Maths – maths	Maths – problem	other countries using tables	5. Communicating	Maths – recognise	changed since a
	problems to solve	solving – how to keep	and diagrams.	Online	coins and notes.	baby.
	with others.			6. True or False		

	English – write an advert for a good friend. Speaking and listening to peers. Use drama.	safe in different scenarios.  English – create a poster about keeping safe. Instructions about keeping safe Speaking and listening to peers. Use drama.	English – write an advert for a house in different places. Create a poster about looking after the Earth. Speaking and listening to peers. Use drama.		Add and subtract money.  English – create a poster about keeping money safe.  Speaking and listening to peers. Using drama to act out shop scenario.	English – write a story about someone getting older and how they change. Speaking and listening to peers. Use drama.
Computing	<u>Information</u>	<u>Digital photography</u>	Robot algorithms	Making music	<u>Pictograms</u>	Programming
All I	technology around	• To use a	To describe a series	• To say how	• To	<u>quizzes</u>
All classes to have at	<u>us</u>	digital device to take a	of instructions as a	music can make us	recognise that we	To explain
least 1 hour of e-	• To	photograph	sequence	feel	can count and	that a sequence of
safety lessons per	recognise the uses	To make	To explain what	To identify	compare objects	commands has a
half term alongside	and features of	choices when taking a	happens when we change	that there are	using tally charts	start
other topics; this	information	photograph	the order of instructions	patterns in music	• To	To explain
does not have to be	technology	To describe	To use logical	To describe	recognise that	that a sequence of
full hour sessions.	• To identify	what makes a good	reasoning to predict the	how music can be	objects can be	commands has an
They can be a	the uses of	photograph	outcome of a program	used in different	represented as	outcome
mixture of	information	To decide	(series of commands)	ways	pictures	• design
discussion-based	technology in the	how photographs can	To explain that	• To show	To create	To change
sessions as well as writing/drawing/iPad	<ul><li>school</li><li>To identify</li></ul>	<ul><li>be improved</li><li>To use tools</li></ul>	programming projects can have code and artwork	how music is made from a series of	a pictogram  To select	a given design  To create
activities. They may	information				objects by	
be completed within	technology beyond	<ul><li>to change an image</li><li>To recognise</li></ul>	To design an algorithm	notes  To create	attribute and	a program using my own design
PSHE assemblies	school	that photos can be	To create and	music for a purpose	make	To decide
	To explain	changed	debug a program that I have	To review		how my project
where appropriate.	how information	Changeu	written	and refine our	comparisons  To	can be improved
	technology helps us		Willell	computer work	recognise that	can be improved
	To explain			computer work	people can be	
	how to use				described by	
	HOW to use				attributes	

	information technology safely To recognise that choices are made when using information technology				To explain that we can present information using a computer	
Opportunities for Visits	-visit to Worsborough Mill -visit to local bakery to watch the process from flour to bread.	Walks around village to look at different home types	Thackray museum or a visitor in school Drama workshops to recreate the people from the past and their daily lives		Continent/ country themed days Animals from around the world visiting school Drama/music/dancing from around the world.	
Opportunities for outdoor learning	-outdoor art creating repeating patterns -find natural patterns in the outdoor environment and link this with art -find materials in the outdoor environment and locate uses of them.	-creating own gardens to grown plants and look after them -outdoor plant investigation – placing plants in different places outdoors and recording how they grow.	-outdoor timelines of the famous person's life -create a guy for a bonfire -create tally chart using different materials for different amounts of plants found in the areausing plants to create a diagram of the parts of a plant, life cycles and plant art.		-sorting objects into venn diagrams outdoors depending if they have died/alive/never been alive -label things in the environment that are dead/living/never been alive -life cycles of living things outdoors.	