



	FS1	FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Plants	Plant	Stem	Common	Healthy	Structure			
	Leaf	Trunk	Wild plants	Suitable	Flowering plants			
	Flower	Branch	Garden	Temperature	Roots			
	Hole	Root	plants	Germination	Function			
	Dig	Bark	Deciduous	Reproduction	Nutrition			
	Water	Petal	Evergreen	Shade	Support			
	Grow	Seed	Tree	Sun	Reproduction			
	Soil	Berry	Branches	Warmth	Makes its own			
		Fruit	Leaves	Cool	food			
		Vegetable	Bud		Requirements for			
		Bulb	Flowers		life and growth			
		Weed	Blossom		Nutrients from			
		Shoot	Petals		the soil			
		Die	Stalk		Room to grow			
		Dead			Needs vary			
		Water			Fertilizer			
		Light			Life cycle			
		Warm			Flowers			
		Air			pollination			
		Space			Seed formation			
		Nutrients			Seed dispersal			
					Photosynthesis			
					Pollen			
					Insect/wind			
					pollination			
Animals	Names of	Names of	Common	Offspring	Nutrition	Human digestive	Puberty – the	Internal organs
including	animals	animals (more	animals	Adults	Nutrients	system	vocabulary to	Heart
humans	Eggs	of a range)	Fish	Survival	Carbohydrates	Digestion	describe sexual	Lungs
	Live	On land	Amphibians	Water	Protein	Mouth	characteristics	Liver
	Animal	In water	Reptiles	Food	Fats	Tongue – mixes,	Life cycle	Kidney
	Chick	Wet	Birds	Air	Fibre	moistens	Gestation	Brain





Caterpillar	Dry	Mammals	Exercise	Water	Saliva	Growth	Skeletal
Butterfly	Frog spawn	Pets	Hygiene	Vitamins	Oesophagus	Reproduce	Muscle
Jungle	Tadpole	Senses	Nutrition	Minerals	Transports	Foetus	Muscular
Desert	Froglet	Tongue –	Reproduce	Skeleton	Stomach	Fertilisation	Digest
North Pole	Frog	taste	Chicken	Bones	Acid	Old age	Digestion
South Pole	Die	Nose – smell	Pupa	Joints	Enzymes	Life expectancy	Digestive
Sea	Fur	Eyes – vision	Lamb	Endoskeleton	Small intestine –	Adolescence	Circulatory
Hot	Environment	Skin – touch	Sheep	Exoskeleton	absorbs water	Adulthood	system
Cold	Ocean	Ears –	Teenager	Hydrostatic	Vitamins	Early adulthood	Blood vessels
Grow	Camouflage	hearing	Heartbeat	Skeleton	Nutrients	Middle	Blood
Snow	Big/tall	Head	Germs	Vertebrate	Rectum	adulthood	Impact
Ice	Small/short	Leg	Disease	Invertebrate	Anus	Late adulthood	Diet
Change	Bigger/smaller	Neck	Food types –	Contract	Large intestine –	Childhood	Exercise
Polar	Old	Knees	meat, fish,	Relax	compacts		Drugs
regions	Brother	Hair	vegetables,	Muscles	Colon		Lifestyle
Hair	Sister	Arms	rice, pasta	Ball joint	Incisors –		Nutrients
(colours of	Mother	Face		Socket joint	cutting, slicing		Damage
hair/long,	Father	Mouth		Hinge joint	Canines –		Alcohol
short,	Aunt	Elbows		Gliding joint	ripping, tearing		Substances
straight,	Uncle	Teeth		Support	Molars –		Pulse
curly)	Grandmother	Omnivores		Protect	chewing,		Rate
Eyes	Grandfather	Meat		Move	grinding		Pumps
(colours of	Friend	Plants		Skull	Floss		Transported
eyes)	Family	Human		Ribs	Brush		Oxygen
Skin (black,	Boy	Names of		Spine	Food chain		Carbon dioxide
brown,	Girl	animals			Sun		Cycle
white)	Man	from each			Producers		
Feathers	Woman	vertebrate			Prey		
Scales	Human	Carnivores			Predators		
Tail					Carnivore		
Wings					Herbivore		
Beak					Omnivore		
Claws							





	Paws						
	Hooves						
	Swim						
	Walk						
	Run						
	Jump						
	Fly						
	Patterns						
	Spots						
	stripes						
	Life cycle						
	Bird						
	Cocoon						
	Chrysalis						
	Baby						
	Toddler						
	Child						
	Adult						
	Smell						
	Taste						
	Touch						
	Feel						
	Hear						
	See						
Materials	Mix	Hard	Object	Cardboard	Solid	Properties	
including	Stir	Runny	Material	Squashing	Solidify	Hardness	
Changing	Cook	Set	Glass	Bending	Iron	Solubility	
Materials	Hot	Icicle	Water	Twisting	Ice	Transparency	
(FS1/FS2)	Oven	Smooth	Rock	Stretching	Liquid	Electrical	
	Microwave	Biggest	Brick	Matches	Evaporate	conductor	
Everyday	Change	Stiff	Fabrics	Floors	Condense	Thermal	
Materials	Burn	Smallest	Elastic	Telegraph	Gas	conductor	
(Year 1/2)	Ice	Card	Foil	poles	Container		





	Water	Metal	Properties	John Dunlop	Changing state	Response to	
States of	Frozen	Strong	Stretchy	– scientist	Heated	magnets	
Matter (Year	Melt	Weak	Shiny	Rubber	Heat	Separate	
4)	Freeze	Waterproof	Dull	Charles	Cooled	Separating	
	Freezer	Not	Rough	Macintosh –	Cool	Solids	
Properties	Snow	waterproof	Smooth	scientist	Degree Celsius	Liquids	
and Changes	Wet	Best	Not bendy	Waterproof	°C	Gases	
of Materials	Cold	Change	Absorbent	fabric	Thermometer	Evaporating	
(Year 5)	Slippery	Change back	Not	John	Water cycle	Reversible	
	Cold		absorbent	McAdam –	Evaporation	changes	
	Hard		See-through	scientist	Condensation	Dissolving	
	Soft		Not see-	Coins	Temperature	Mixing	
	Bendy		through	Cans	Melting	Evaporation	
	Big			Cars	Warm/cool	Filtering	
	Bigger			Table legs	Water	Sieving	
	Small			Spoons	Water vapour	Magnetism	
	Smaller			Opaque	Melting point	Electricity	
	Wobbly			Transparent	Boiling point	Chemists –	
	Wood			Translucent	Thermal/	Spencer Silver/	
	Plastic			Reflective	electrical	Ruth Benerito	
	Paper			Non-	insulator/	Quantitative	
	Fabric			reflective	conductor	Measurements	
				Flexible	Mixture	Conductivity	
				Rigid	Dissolve	Insulation	
				Shape	Solution	Chemical	
				Pushing	Soluble		
				Pulling	Insoluble		
					Filter		
					Sieve		
					Reversible		
					Irreversible		
					Burning		
					 Rusting		





					New material		
Seasonal Changes	Spring Summer	Seasons Warm	Season Day				
	Autumn Winter	Shower Storm Thunder	Daytime Weather Wind				
	Sunny Cloudy	Lightning Hail	Rain				
	Hot Cold	Sleet	Fog Sun Hot				
	Raining Snow Puddles	lcy Frost	Warm Cold				
	Windy Rainbow		Day length Sunrise				
	Plants Flowers		Sunset				
Living Things	Tree	Natural		Never alive	Environment	Life cycles	Classify
and their	Flower	Bush		Habitats	Flowering	Life process of	Compare
Habitats	Plant	Vegetable		Micro-	(including	reproduction	Linnaean
	Animal	Herb		habitats	grasses)	Vegetable	Scientist – Carl
	Leaves Seeds	Weed		Food Food chain	Non-flowering	garden	Linnaeus Classification
	Conkers	Animal Names of		Sun	(including	Flower border Animal	Domain
	Shells	plants and		Grass	mosses and ferns)	naturalists –	Kingdom
	Feathers	animals they		Cow	Plants	David	Phylum
	Same	see (more of a		Human	Animals	Attenborough	Class
	Different	range)		Alive	Vertebrate	Animal	Order
	Pattern	Name of		Healthy	Dangers	behaviouralist	Family
		contrasting		,	Fish	– Jane Goodall	Genus





	Names of	environment	Names of		Amphibians	Reproduction	Species
	plants and	e.g. beach,	local habitats		Reptiles	Sexual	Vertebrates
	animals	forest	Names of		Birds	Asexual	Invertebrates
	they see	Acorns	micro-		Mammals	Rainforest	Microorganisms
	, , , , , , ,	Twigs	habitats		Invertebrate	Oceans	Organism
		Bark	Conditions		Snails	Desert	Flowering
		Pebbles	Hot		Slugs	Prehistoric	Non-flowering
		Stones	Warm		Worms	Similarities	Fish
		Living	Cold		Spiders	Differences	Spiders
		Dead	Dry		Insects	Sperm	Snails
		Nocturnal	Damp		Human impact	Fertilises	Worms
		Hibernate	Wet		Positive	Egg	
			Bright		Nature reserves	Live young	
			Shade		Ecologically	Metamorphosis	
			Dark		planned parks	Plantlets	
			Shelter		Garden ponds	Runners	
			Move		Negative	Cuttings	
			Feed		Population		
					Development		
					Litter		
					Deforestation		
					Classification		
					Classification		
					keys		
					Migrate		
Rocks (Year				Appearance			Evolution
3)				Physical			Adaption
				Properties			Inherited traits
Evolution				Hard			Adaptive traits
and				Soft			Natural
Inheritance				Shiny			selection
(Year 6)				Dull			Inheritance
				Rough			





			Smo	ooth	Scientist –
			Abs	orbent	Charles Darwin,
			Not	absorbent	Alfred Wallace
			Sedi	imentary	DNA
			Roc		Genes
			Soils	s	Variation
			Orga	anic matter	Parent
				dings	Offspring
				vestones	Fossil
			Grai	ins	Environment
			Crys	stals	Fossilisation
			Stor		Plants
			Peb	bles	Animals
			Bou	ılder	Living things
			Laye	ers	Offspring
			Text	ture	Sexual
			Foss	sil	reproduction
			Mar	rble	Vary
			Cha	lk	Characteristics
			Gra	nite	Suited
			Slate	e	Species
			Pea	t	
			Sand	dy/chalky/clay	
			soil		
Light	Light	Shiny	See		Travels
	Torch	Bright	Darl	k	Straight
	Brightest	Brighter	Refl	ect	Reflection
	Sun	Shadow	Surf	face	Object
	Sunny	Light source	Nati	ural	Shadows
	Clouds	Transparent	Star		Mirrors
	Mirror	Not	Mod	on	Periscope
		transparent	Bloc	cked	Rainbow
			Solid	d	Filters





				Artificial		Light rays
				Torch		
				Candle		
				Lamp		
				Sunlight		
				Dangerous		
				Protect eyes		
				UV light		
				Visible		
				Invisible		
				Spectrum		
				Absence of light		
				Translucent		
				Opaque		
				Matt		
				Shiny		
Sound	Sound	Volume			Vibrate	
	Noise	Crackle			Vibration	
	Loud	Thunder			Vibrating	
	Quiet	Hum			Air	
	High	Buzz			Medium	
	Low	Roar			Ear	
	Music				Pitch	
	Bang				Faint	
	Blow				Fainter	
	Soft				Louder	
	Hard				String	
	Fast				Percussion	
	Slow				Woodwind	
	Instrument				Brass	
	Listen				Insulate	
	Hear				Source	
	Voices				Insulation	





	Bird song Traffic Sirens					
Earth and Space	Sun Moon Star Planet Sky Day Night	Earth Space			Moons Planets Stars Solar system Mercury Venus Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus Neptune Pluto Rotate Scientists – Aristotle, Ptolemy, Galileo, Copernicus, Brahe, Alhazen Orbit Axis Spherical Heliocentric Geocentric Hemisphere Season Tilt	





Forces and	Roll	Object		Force		Gravity	
Magnets	Drop	Surface		Open		Air resistance	
	Float	Move		Magnetic force		Water	
	Sink	Fly		Attract		resistance	
	Water	Fall		Repel		Friction	
	Up	Faster		Magnetic poles		Effect	
	Down	Fastest		North		Accelerate	
	Тор	Slowest		South		Decelerate	
	Bottom	Further		Non-contact		Stop	
	Push	Furthest		force		Change	
	Pull	Wind		Contact force		direction	
	Magnet	Air		Strength		Brake	
	Spring	Water		Bar magnet		Mechanism	
	Squash	Blow		Ring magnet		Pulley	
	Bend	Turn		Button magnet		Gear	
	Twist	Spin		Horseshoe		Spring	
	Stretch	Smooth		magnet		Theory of	
	Fast	Rough		Magnetic		gravitation	
	Slow			material		Scientist –	
				Metal		Galileo Galilei,	
				Iron		Isaac Newton	
				Steel		Simple	
						machines	
						Levers	
						Earth	
Electricity	Plug	Battery			Appliances		Voltage
		Electricity			Socket		Brightness
		Wire			Electrical circuit		Volume
		Light			Cell		Switches
		Bulb			Wire		Danger
					Bulb		Series circuit
					Buzzer		Sign
					Danger		Circuit diagram





	Electrical safety	Motor
	Sign	Recognised
	Insulators	symbols
	Wood	Circuit
	Rubber	
	Plastic	
	Glass	
	Conductors	
	Metal	
	Non-metal	
	Water	
	Switch	
	Open	
	Closed	
	Electrical	
	appliance/device	
	Mains	
	Complete circuit	
	Component	
	Positive	
	Negative	
	Connect/	
	connections	
	Loose	
	connection	
	Short circuit	
	Crocodile clip	
	Symbol	

EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2





Working	Test	Question	Research – relevant questions	Plan
Scientifically	Similar	Answer	Scientific enquiry	Variables
	Different	Observing	Comparative and fair testing	Measurements
	Senses	Equipment	Observation	Accuracy
	Tools	Identify	Measurement	Precision
	Question	Classify	Equipment	Repeat readings
	Draw	Group	Data – gather, record, classify,	Report data – scientific
	Write	Record – diagram, chart, map	present	diagrams, labels, classification
	Observe	Data	Record – drawings, labelled	keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar
	Sort	Compare	diagrams, keys, bar charts,	graph and line graphs
		Contrast	tables	Predictions
		Describe	Explain	Comparative and fair test
		Biology	Conclusion	Report and present –
		Chemistry	Prediction	conclusions, causal relationship,
		Physics	Differences	explanations, degree of trust,
			Similarities	oral and written display and
			Changes	presentation
			Evidence	Evidence – support, refute
			Key	ideas or arguments
			Interpret	Identify, classify and describe
				Patterns
				Systematic
				Quantitative measurements